

### WAR OF THE SPANISH SUCCESSION

1. Watch the video about the war of the Spanish Succession. Then, use these words to complete the text.

Spanish Succession	Utrecht	Felipe V	children
Archduke Charles	Bourbon	Philippe, Duke of Anjou	

#### The beginning of the Bourbon dynasty in Spain

In 1700 there was no heir to the Spanish throne because Carlos II died without having (a) \_\_\_\_\_.

Two candidates emerged: (b) \_\_\_\_\_, the Bourbon candidate, and (c) \_\_\_\_\_, the Habsburg candidate. The conflict led to the War of the (d) \_\_\_\_\_ which divided Spain and Europe. Finally, the Treaty of (e) \_\_\_\_\_ recognised the (f) \_\_\_\_\_ candidate as (g) \_\_\_\_\_, king of Spain.

### THE GLORIOUS REVOLUTION AND THE ENGLISH BILL OF RIGHTS

#### Vocabulary

Flee: huir (fled)	Bail: fianza	Trial: juicio
Ought to: debería	Juror: jurado	Treason: traición
Impeached: impugnada	Duly: debidamente	Freeholders: propietarios
Court: tribunal / Corte	Impanelled: elegidos	

#### 1. Read the text:

In the Glorious Revolution, the English Parliament invited William of Orange, from the Netherlands, and his wife Mary, King James II's daughter, to replace King James II on the throne. William successfully invaded England in 1688, and King James II fled to France. However, the Parliament wanted a lasting guarantee of civil rights. Before they could become king and queen, William and Mary had to sign the English Bill of Rights of 1689, which declared:

'That the pretended power of suspending the laws or the execution of laws by regal authority without consent of Parliament is illegal [...];

That the raising or keeping a standing army within the kingdom in time of peace, unless it be with consent of Parliament, is against the law; [...]

That election of members of Parliament ought to be free;

That the freedom of speech and debates or proceedings in Parliament ought not to be impeached or questioned in any court or place out of Parliament;

That excessive bail ought not to be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted;

That jurors ought to be duly impanelled and returned, and jurors which pass upon men in trials for high treason ought to be freeholders. [...]

The Bill of Rights inspired many later declarations, such as the United States Bill of Rights and the Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen in France.

**2. Answer the questions:**

a. The Glorious Revolution is also called the Bloodless Revolution. Why?

b. How does the Bill of Rights limit the king's power?

c. Which rights support democracy principles?

d. What guarantees did the Bill provide for people who broke the law?